

POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



Picloram + Triclopyr 400

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENTS: 300 g/L TRICLOPYR present as butoxyethyl ester
100 g/L PICLORAM present as hexyloxypropylamine salt

GROUP

I

HERBICIDE

For the control of environmental and noxious woody and herbaceous weeds as specified in the Directions for Use

IMPORTANT: Read the attached booklet before use

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USE

20 LITRES

Syngenta Crop Protection Pty Limited
Level 1, 2-4 Lyon Park Road, North Ryde NSW 2113

In a transport emergency dial 000, Police or Fire Brigade
For specialist advice in an emergency only, call 1800 033 111 (24 hours)

APVMA Approval No: 61648/20/0507
IP+T0407
UN-Free

The Syngenta logo, featuring a stylized black and white wave graphic above the word "syngenta" in a lowercase, sans-serif font, followed by a registered trademark symbol (®).

syngenta®

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool well ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Triple, or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If not available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SMALL SPILL MANAGEMENT

Wear protective equipment (See Safety Directions). Apply absorbent material such as earth, sand, clay granules or cat litter to the spill. Sweep up material for disposal when absorption is completed and contain in a refuse vessel for disposal. (See Storage and Disposal section). If necessary, wash the spill area with an alkali detergent and water and absorb as above the wash liquid for disposal.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When preparing spray wear:

- cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrists
- a washable hat
- elbow-length PVC gloves
- a face shield or goggles

If product is in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126. If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

If additional hazard information is required refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet. For a copy visit our website at www.syngenta.com.au

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY AND EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY

Syngenta has no control over storage, handling and manner of use of this product. Where this material is not stored, handled or used correctly and in accordance with directions, no express or implied representations or warranties concerning this product (other than non-excludable statutory warranties) will apply. Syngenta accepts no liability for any loss or damage arising from incorrect storage, handling or use.

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APVMA Approval No: 61648/20/0507
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**SHAKE WELL
BEFORE USE**

**DRUMMUSTER
LOGO**

Batch No	
Date of Manufacture	

BARCODE

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restraints

DO NOT apply to weeds which may be stressed (not actively growing) due to prolonged periods of extreme cold, moisture stress (water-logged or drought affected), poor nutrition, presence of disease, damage or previous herbicide treatment, as reduced levels of control may result.

DO NOT spray if rain is likely within one hour or if foliage is wet from rain or dew.

DO NOT burn off, cut or clear blackberry or other woody weeds for at least 6 months after spraying.

DO NOT apply by aerial application in wind in excess of 15km/hr and air temperatures above 35°C.

In areas prone to flooding, treatment should commence after any annual flooding as such areas flooded within 9 months following application may have reduced results.

1: Woody Weed Situation

Table A: High volume spraying

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – Application section - for application method details**

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHT-OF-WAYS				
Weeds	Weed Growth Stage	State	Rate/100 L water	Critical Comments
African Boxthorn	Less than 2 m tall	All States	500 mL	Apply when bushes have good leaf cover, growth and no leaf fall.
<i>Angophora</i> spp	1 to 3 m tall		350 mL	
Australian Blackthorn	Less than 2 m tall		500 mL	Apply from late spring to early autumn.
<i>Banksia</i> spp	1 to 3 m tall		350 mL	
Biddy bush (Chinese Shrub) (Sifton Bush)	Autumn when actively growing	NSW, ACT only	500 mL	Add a 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 125 mL/100 L of water for best results.
Blackberry in association with: Docks Ragwort Smartweed Thistles	Late spring to autumn	All States except NT	350 mL or 500 mL	Use the higher rate on plants that have been damaged by grazing stock or insects and on known difficult to kill blackberry. Where herbicides other than Group I herbicides have been used, allow 2 seasons regrowth to occur before respraying with INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400.
Blue Heliotrope	Flowering	Qld, NSW only	500 mL	Apply in a minimum spray volume of 1250 L/ha.
Brooms: Cape English Flax leaf Montpellier	Spring to midsummer prior to pod formation Autumn to winter	All States except NT	250mL	Apply as a thorough foliage spray.
			350 mL	
Camphor Laurel	Less than 2 m tall Above 2 m tall	All States	500 mL	Add 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results
<i>Casuarina</i> spp	1 to 3 m tall		350 mL	
Chinee Apple	Less than 2 m tall	Qld, WA only		Apply as thorough foliage spray
Cockspur Thorn	Spring to autumn	Qld, NSW, ACT only		
Common Sensitive Plant	Any time when actively growing	Qld, WA, NT only	200 mL	To avoid leaves closing during application, spray plants while moving forward. Add 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results.
Crofton Weed	Spring to autumn	Qld, NSW, ACT only	350 mL	Apply as thorough foliage spray.
Eastern Cotton Bush (<i>Maireana microphylla</i>)	Spring to autumn	Qld, NSW only	500 mL	Add Uptake* Oil at 500 mL/100 L of water. Some bushes may require a follow up spray to control regrowth.
<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp	Seedling and regrowth from small lignotubers, 1 to 3 m tall	All States	350 mL or 500 mL	Apply the high rate where difficult to control species of Eucalyptus regrowth is present. Addition of an adjuvant may improve results - contact your local agronomist for details.

Weeds	Weed Growth Stage	State	Rate/100 L water	Critical Comments
Galenia	Fresh growth in spring to summer	NSW only	500 mL	Use 200 L of spray mixture/ha.
Giant Bramble	Spring to autumn	Qld, WA, NT only		Penetration of thick clumps may be difficult and respraying may be necessary. Add 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results.
Gorse	1 to 1.5 m tall	All States except NT	250 mL	Spring and summer treatment only. Add 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results.
	Over 1.5 m tall or autumn treatment		350 mL	
	Winter treatment		500 mL	
Groundsel Bush (<i>Baccharis halimifolia</i>)	1 to 1.5 m tall in spring to summer		250 mL	Apply as a thorough foliar spray.
	Over 1.5 m tall or autumn treatment		350 mL	
Green Cestrum	Late spring to early autumn	Qld, NSW, ACT only	500 mL	One application may give satisfactory control. Any subsequent regrowth and seedlings must be resprayed at approximately 1 metre high.
Hawthorn	Less than 2 m tall	All States	350 mL	Apply from late spring to early autumn.
Horehound	Pre-flowering	Qld, NSW only		Apply as a thorough foliar spray.
Japanese Sunflower				Add one of the following adjuvants, when using 350 mL rate: A crop oil @ 0.5% v/v. Pulse* Penetrant @ 0.1% v/v.
Lantana (<i>Lantana camara</i>) (<i>Lantana montevidensis</i>)	Up to 1 m tall in summer to autumn	All States	500 or 750 mL	Thoroughly wet foliage, stems and soil around the base of the plants. Use higher rate on known harder to kill varieties.
	1 to 2 m tall in summer to autumn			
Lion Tail (<i>Leontotis nepetifolia</i>)	Pre-flowering	Qld only	200 mL	Apply as a thorough foliar spray. Add 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100L of water for best results.
Limebush	Any time of the year with good leaf cover and soil moisture	Qld, NT only	350 mL	Penetration of thick clumps may be difficult and respraying may be required. Addition of an adjuvant may improve results - contact your local agronomist for details.
Manuka	At flowering	Vic only	500 mL	For optimum results, add Pulse Penetrant at 200 mL/100 L of spray. Thoroughly wet foliage, stems and soil around the base of the plants.
Mesquite (<i>Prosopis</i> spp.)	Seedling, full leaf and flowering before podding	Qld, NSW, WA, NT only	350 mL	DO NOT spray plants bearing pods. Add 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100L of water for best results.
<i>Prosopis velutina</i>		Qld only	670 mL	
Mistflower	Spring to autumn	Qld, NSW, ACT only	670 mL	Apply as a thorough foliar spray.
Mother-of-Millions	Flowering	Qld, NSW only	500 mL	Add 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100L of water.
Paddy's Lucerne	Active growth	NSW only		Plants that have been continually slashed or grazed over many seasons may be difficult to control and regrowth may occur.
Parkinsonia	Under 2 m tall	Qld, WA, NT only	350 mL	Add Uptake Oil at 500 mL/100L water. Avoid spraying under dry conditions when plants are stressed or bearing pods. Thoroughly wet foliage.
Prickly Pear (common) Smooth TreePear	Active phyllode growth	All States	500 mL	Apply as a thorough foliage spray. Regrowth may occur, so a follow-up application may be necessary.

Weeds	Weed Growth Stage	State	Rate/100 L water	Critical Comments
Rubber vine (Not infected with rust)	Up to 1.5 m tall at flowering	Qld, WA, NT only	350 mL	Spray all leaves and stems just to the point of run off and thoroughly spray the base of the plant. With larger, more dense stands regrowth may appear. Subsequent control of any regrowth should be done by basal bark spraying.
	Dense stands greater than 1.5 m tall at flowering		500 mL	
Siam Weed	Active growth	Qld, WA only	350 mL	Add 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results.
Sicklepod	Up to flowering	Qld, WA, NT only	200 mL	DO NOT apply to podding plants. Add 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100L of water for best results.
St John's Wort	From flowering to early seed set	All States	500 mL	Late spring to early summer.
Sweet briar	Up to 1.5 m tall	All States except NT	350 mL	Add metsulfuron-methyl at 10 g/100 L water to obtain more reliable results with the lower rate of INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400.
			500 mL	Full leaf to ripe fruit prior to leaf fall. Thorough wetting including the crown is recommended.
Tobacco weed	Actively growing plants	Qld, WA, NT only	300 mL	Add 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100 L of water for best results.
Wattle (<i>Acacia</i> spp) (except Corkwood Wattle)	1 to 3 m tall	All States	350 mL	
Wild Rosemary (<i>Cassinia laevis</i>)	Active growth, 0.5 to 1.0 m tall	Qld only	350 to 500 mL	Use lower rate on seedlings 0.5m tall. Apply as a thorough foliar spray.
Wild Tobacco Tree	Spring to autumn up to 2 m tall	Qld, NSW, ACT only	350 mL	

Table B: Aerial Application

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – Application section - for application method details**

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHT-OF-WAYS				
Weeds	Weed Growth Stage	State	Rate/ha	Critical Comments
Blackberry	Summer to autumn	Qld, NSW, Vic, SA, WA only	10 L	Where herbicides other than Group I herbicides have been used, allow 2 seasons regrowth to occur before respraying with Innova PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400. WARNING: Eucalyptus species up to 4 m may be killed if sprayed during this treatment. Mature trees which are 15 to 20 m tall may be partially defoliated but are likely to recover.
Gorse		Tas only		Helicopter application only.
Cockspur Thorn Crofton Weed Lantana Mistflower	Late autumn	NSW, Qld, NT only (helicopter only)	1.5 L plus 7.5 L 2,4-D amine (500 g/L formulation)	Spray with calibrated equipment using the half overlap opposite pass technique applying a minimum spray volume of 150 L/ha. Follow up respraying will be required.
Lantana			10 L	Helicopter application only.

Weeds	Weed Growth Stage	State	Rate/ha	Critical Comments
Rubber Vine (Not infected with rust)	When flowering	Qld, NT only (helicopter only)	3 to 5 L	Use rates will depend upon the density and height of the rubber vine stand. The higher rate should be used on dense stands. However, complete coverage and penetration may be difficult. Follow up respraying will be required. Any regrowth should be sprayed with a suitable basal bark herbicide.
St. John's Wort	Flowering to early seed set (Nov to Jan)	NSW only	4 L	Helicopter application only. Follow up spraying will be required in the following season.
Parkinsonia	Seedlings 1 to 2 m tall, or 12 to 24 months old	Qld, NT only (helicopter only)	3 L	Add Uptake Oil at 1 L/ha

Table C: Controlled Droplet Application (CDA)

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – Application Section - for application method details**

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHT-OF-WAYS				
Weeds	Weed Growth Stage	State	Rate/ha	Critical Comments
Blackberry in association with: Docks, Ragwort, St. John's Wort, Thistles	Summer to autumn	All States except NT	Apply undiluted	One application may give satisfactory control but subsequent regrowth and seedlings should be re-sprayed after hardening off. Where herbicides other than Group I herbicides have been used, allow 2 seasons regrowth to occur before respraying with INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400.

Table D: Low Volume High Concentrate Application Techniques (Gas powered gun, sprinkler sprayer)

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – Application section - for application method details**

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHT-OF-WAYS				
Weeds	Weed Growth Stage	State	Rate/100L water	Critical comments
Blackberry	Late Spring to autumn	Qld, NSW, TAS, SA, WA, ACT only	335 mL	Apply to actively growing bushes which are able to be sprayed on all sides. For larger bushes, the high volume application technique is recommended.
Camphor Laurel Cockspur Thorn Crofton Weed	Less than 1.5 m high	Qld, NSW, ACT only	500 mL	
<i>Eucalyptus</i> species	Seedlings up to 2 m tall	All States	335 mL	
Mistflower	Less than 1.5 m high	Qld, NSW, ACT only	500 mL	
Sweet briar	1.5 m tall, full leaf to ripe fruit	NSW only		Gas powered Gun only: Apply to actively growing bushes not more than 1.5 m tall that have not more than 5 stems from the crown.
St. John's Wort	During flowering to early seed set	NSW, Vic, Tas only		Gas powered gun only: One application should provide control. Minor regrowth and seedlings may be re-treated the following summer.
Wild Tobacco Tree	Less than 1.5 m high	Qld, NSW, ACT only		Apply to actively growing bushes which are able to be sprayed on all sides. For larger bushes, the high volume application technique is recommended.

Table E: Boom Application

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – Application section - for application method details**

AGRICULTURAL NON-CROP AREAS, COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS, FORESTS, PASTURES AND RIGHT-OF-WAYS				
Weeds	Weed Growth Stage	State	Rate/ha	Critical Comments
Galenia	Fresh growth during spring to summer	NSW only	5 L	Rough mine sites will require adequate spray equipment such as boomless nozzles for effective coverage.
Sicklepod	Up to flowering	Qld, NT only	3 L	DO NOT apply to podding plants. Add 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant at 100 mL/100L of water.
St. John's Wort	Flowering to early seed set (Nov to Jan)	NSW only	2 to 4 L	Use the higher rate on dense infestations and when longer residual control is required. Follow-up respraying will be required in the following season.

2: Fallow Situations

Table A: Boom Applications

See **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – Application section - for application method details**

FALLOW					
Weeds	Weed Growth Stage	State	Rate/ha	Critical Comments	
Blackberry Nightshade - suppression only	10 to 25 cm tall prior to flowering	Qld, NSW only	200 to 400 mL plus 1.2 L glyphosate 450 plus adjuvant	FOR USE BY GROUND EQUIPMENT ONLY Plants must be actively growing. Use the lower rate on the smaller weeds, as specified in the weed growth stage (or up to 5 cm diameter for <i>Polymeria pusilla</i>). Refer to mixture product label for use of adjuvant. DO NOT plant susceptible crops for up to nine months after application, as specified in General Instructions – Minimum Recropping Periods - Black Cracking Clay Soils, Nth NSW and Qld. Dry conditions after application will increase the recropping interval.	
Camel Melon, Prickly Paddy Melon, Cucumber Melon (<i>Cucumis melo</i>)	From 2 leaf to 50 cm diameter				
Common Sowthistle	From 8 leaf to flowering				
Cow Vine	From 2 to 5 leaf up to 15 cm diameter, prior to flowering				
Lucerne (established)	Active growth, 15 to 25 cm high, during spring				300 to 500 mL plus 1.2 L glyphosate 450 plus adjuvant
<i>Polymeria pusilla</i>	2 to 12 leaf up to 20cm diameter, prior to flowering				200 to 400 mL plus 1.2 L glyphosate 450 plus adjuvant

Table B: Blanket wiper applications
See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – Application section - for application method details

FALLOW				
Weeds	Weed Growth Stage	State	Rate/ha	Critical Comments
Bitterbark (<i>Alstonia constricta</i>)	From summer to end of autumn	Qld only	1:4 (1 part INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 to 4 parts water) 2% solution for spot spray (eg 100 mL INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 in 5 L water)	For use with blanket wipers only. For best results apply in autumn to tall (greater than 60 cm) plants using two opposite directional passes (up and back) Follow up "missed" plants with a spot spray application. These will be obvious after 6 weeks. Blanket wiper application can be made in summer when plants are smaller but follow up spot spraying may be necessary. DO NOT disturb (cultivate) the treated patches for at least 3 months. Best long term control is achieved when patches are left undisturbed for as long as possible after treatment (at least 6 months). Spot spraying "missed" plants: thoroughly wet all stems and leaves without producing any solution run off. Avoid any spray reaching the soil surface.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

IN TASMANIA FOR BLACKBERRY: DO NOT treat bushes carrying mature or near mature fruit.

FOR NATIVE VEGETATION: Use of INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 on native vegetation must be done in accordance with STATE and/or LOCAL legislation.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS
NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Minimum Recropping Periods: Black cracking clay soils, Nth NSW and Qld

A. Boom Application

Plantback periods for crops following the application of INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 for rates up to 600 mL/ha

Rate mL/ha	200	300	400	600
Crop	Months			
Wheat	2	2	4	4
Barley	2	2	4	4
Canola	2	4	4	4
Faba bean	4	4	6	6
Chickpea	4	6	6	6
Lucerne	6	9	9	9

These plantback periods are based on a normal rainfall pattern. During drought conditions (or when the rainfall is less than 100 mm for a period of 4 months or greater) the plantback period may be significantly longer.

B. Blanket Wiper Application

Plantback periods for crops following blanket wiper application	
Crop	Months
Broadleaf crops	18
Lucerne	6 This will allow any potential soil residues to dissipate, if any, and allow effective control

Note: Before using INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 in tank mixes with other herbicides, check the plantback information on all product labels. The most residual product with the longest plantback period, will determine the time between spraying and planting.

Compatibility

Follow any regional restrictions, and all directions and restrictions on the label, and of any chemical mixed with INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 (e.g 2,4-D amine).

INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 is compatible with the following herbicides: 2,4-D amine, fluroxypyr, glyphosate, and metsulfuron-methyl.

INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 is compatible with the following adjuvants, as per Directions for Use:

Pulse Penetrant, Uptake Spraying Oil, and 100% concentrate non-ionic surfactant.

As formulations of other manufacturers' products are beyond the control of Syngenta Crop Protection, and water quality varies with location, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing commercial quantities.

Mixing

Mix only with water.

Half fill the spray unit with water, and add the required amount of INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400. Add the remaining water with the agitator running. If required, then add spray oils or wetters (surfactants). Maintain mechanical or by-pass agitation in the spray tank during spraying. Only mix sufficient solution for immediate daily use and avoid storing.

Application

1. Woody Weed Situations

Weeds need to be actively growing for herbicides to have optimum effect. Delay treatment until all regrowth has had time to grow approximately 1 metre in situations which have been bulldozed, slashed, burnt, ploughed or areas having a previous chemical treatment.

A. High Volume Spraying

Thorough coverage of foliage to the point of runoff is essential, however, avoid excess spraying which is wasteful of chemical.

Hand Gun

Apply the recommended mix to give full coverage of leaves and stems through a No. 6-8 tip at 700 to 1500 kPa (400 to 500 kPa for St John's Wort).

A spray volume of 3000 to 4000 L per infested hectare of 1 to 2 metre high blackberry (30 to 40 L/100m²) should be used. Use 2000 L of spray mixture/ha of galenia infestation (i.e. 20 L/100 m² infested area).

Knapsack

Apply the recommended spray mix to give full coverage of leaves and stems. The final volume of application should be similar to hand gun.

A spray volume of 3 to 4 L/10m² infested area should be used.

A spray volume of 2 L/10m² should be used for an area infested with Galenia.

B. Aerial Application

Apply in 200 L of water/ha using an aircraft to apply 100 L per pass on a double overlap pattern using nozzle configurations to produce droplets of 250 to 350 micron diameter.

The potential for damage from drift can be greatly reduced by avoiding unsuitable spraying conditions and using spray pressure and nozzles to minimise the production of small droplets.

DO NOT spray when wind exceeds 15 km/hr and /or air temperature reaches 35°C.

C. Controlled Droplet Application (CDA)

Results similar to high volume spraying can be obtained using Micron Herbi* or similar equipment.

Select a nozzle to give a flow rate of 2 mL/sec and sweeping action of approximately 1m/sec to ensure a droplet density of 20/cm². Use a marking agent, as recommended by the equipment manufacturers, to check spray coverage. Also, consult directions provided with CDA unit.

D. Low Volume High Concentrate Application Techniques

Good control will be achieved, similar to high volume application, where bush size enables good coverage of entire bush. Use a marking agent, as recommended by the equipment manufacturers, to check spray coverage.

Gas Powered Gun

Apply 50 mL shots to obtain uniform coverage of 4 to 5 m² of surface area of bush. This relates to 20 droplets/cm² of leaf surface.

Sprinkler Sprayer

This technique involves using a micro sprinkler that is connected to a hollow fibre glass rod attached to a pneumatic knapsack sprayer. Use at low pressures (50 to 200 kPa) and apply with a slow sweeping action over the top of the plants ensuring even coverage on the leaves.

E. Boom Application

Application in a minimum spray volume of 200 L/ha for Galenia and St. John's Wort and 600 L of water/ha for Sicklepod. Flat fan nozzles are recommended, using pressure in the range of 200 to 300 kPa. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns.

2. Fallow Situations

A. Boom Application

Application of INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 in a minimum spray volume of 50 L/ha is recommended. Flat fan nozzles are recommended, using pressure in the range of 200 to 300 kPa. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns.

B. Blanket Wiper Application

Blanket needs to be made from durable and wettable material with a rigid backing. Blanket should be rigidly mounted behind motorised vehicle (eg. tractor, 4-wheel drive vehicle) and set low but never touching the ground. The chemical solution should be fed to the blanket at a flow rate sufficient to keep the blanket wet but not dripping. In thick patches the blanket may require more frequent solution recharge (re-wetting). Ideally, a scraper bar should be mounted at the front of the blanket in order to scrape or damage the bark (but not sever the stems) prior to the blanket wiping stems. This scraper may be mounted at the front of the vehicle. Two passes (in opposite direction) with the blanket increases the contact with the plant. Ground speeds of 10 to 15 kph are ideal for blanket wiping application.

Cleaning Spray Equipment

Rinsing: After using INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400, empty the spray unit completely and drain the whole system. Thoroughly wash inside the unit using a pressure hose. Drain the spray unit, and clean any filters in the tank, pump, lines, hoses and nozzles. After cleaning the spray unit as above, quarter fill with clean water and circulate through the pump, lines, hoses and nozzles. Drain and repeat the rinsings procedure twice.

Decontamination: Before spraying cotton and other sensitive crops with equipment that has been used to apply INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400, see PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS section. Wash the tank and rinse the system as above, then quarter fill the tank and add an alkali detergent at 500 g (or mL)/100 L of water and circulate throughout the system for at least 15 minutes. Drain the whole system. Remove filters and nozzles and clean them separately. Finally flush the system with clean water and allow to drain. Rinse water should be discharged onto a designated disposal area or, if this is unavailable, onto unused land away from desirable plants and watercourses.

Resistant Weeds Warning

GROUP I HERBICIDE

INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 Herbicide contains members of the pyridines group of herbicides. The product has the disrupters of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management, the product is a Group I Herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other Group I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by this product or other Group I herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Syngenta Crop Protection Pty Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant weeds.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVES AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Crops susceptible to INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 include, but are not limited to: peas, lupins, lucerne, navy beans, peanuts, soybeans and other legumes, cotton, flowers, fruit, hops, ornamentals, shade trees and *Pinus* spp, potatoes, safflower, sugar beet, sunflowers, tobacco, tomatoes, vegetables and vines. INNOVA PICLORAM + TRICLOPYR 400 is damaging to susceptible crops during both growing and dormant periods. Grasses are normally unaffected and establish quickly after treatment. Picloram, one of the active constituents in this product can remain active in the soil for extended periods depending on soil type and application rate, rainfall, temperature, humidity, soil moisture and soil organic matter. DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands, pastures, waterways or native vegetation. DO NOT allow physical spray drift onto waterways, native vegetation and susceptible crops. DO NOT apply close to, or in areas, containing roots of desirable vegetation, where treated soil may be washed onto areas growing (or areas to be planted with) desirable plants. DO NOT apply on sites where surface water from heavy rain can be expected to run off to areas containing, or to be planted with susceptible crops or plants. DO NOT move soil, which may have been treated to areas where desirable plants are to be grown.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Poisonous plants may become more palatable after spraying and stock should be kept away from these plants until they have died down. Many plants remain poisonous after death, and stock should not be allowed access, as there is a likelihood that they may graze the dead material. Such material should be burnt if possible.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool well ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Triple, or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If not available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should NOT be burnt.

SMALL SPILL MANAGEMENT

Wear protective equipment (See Safety Directions). Apply absorbent material such as earth, sand, clay granules or cat litter to the spill. Sweep up material for disposal when absorption is completed and contain in a refuse vessel for disposal. (See Storage and Disposal section). If necessary, wash the spill area with an alkali detergent and water and absorb as above the wash liquid for disposal.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When preparing spray wear:

- cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist
- a washable hat
- elbow-length PVC gloves
- face shield or goggles

If product is in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID


If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131 126. If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

If additional hazard information is required refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet. For a copy visit our website at www.syngenta.com.au

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY AND EXCLUSION OF LIABILITY

Syngenta has no control over storage, handling and manner of use of this product. Where this material is not stored, handled or used correctly and in accordance with directions, no express or implied representations or warranties concerning this product (other than non-excludable statutory warranties) will apply. Syngenta accepts no liability for any loss or damage arising from incorrect storage, handling or use.

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